(c) whether this policy will be retroactive for a small period of time; and

(d) the steps proposed to give maximum financial relief for all land owners displaced in rural areas in the last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) Ministry of Rural Development has formulated a draft National Rehabilitation Policy, 2006 (NRP-2006) with the objective of minimizing displacement and promoting, as far as possible, non-displacing or least-displacing alternatives, ensuring adequate rehabilitation packages and expeditious implementation of the rehabilitation process with active participation of displaced persons. The draft NRP-2006 is hosted on websites of the Department of Land Resources (www. dolr. nic.in) and Ministry of Rural Development (www. rural.nic. in). A Public Notice was also published in prominent national and regional newspapers for inviting public comments.

(b) to (d) No final decision has been taken on these aspects.

Implementation of NREG

88. SHRI SYED AZEEZ PASHA:
SHRI N.R. GOVINDARAJAR:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the implementation of the National Rural Employment Guarantee (NREG) Scheme has not been satisfactory in some of the States;

(b) if so, the State-wise details of the progress of implementation of the Scheme;

(c) what are the main obstacles in implementing the Scheme and measures being taken to solve the problem;

(d) whether Government propose to extend the Scheme to more districts, and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) A status report on the implementation of NREGA upto October, 2006 is given in the enclosed Statement (*See* below).

(c) The main obstacle in implementing the Scheme in the beginning were Legislative Assembly elections in five States, Panchayat elections in a few States, shortage of staff at Gram Panchayat and Block level, Capacity building of staff and lack of awareness about the programme in villages. This Ministry has from time to time asked the State Governments to recruit adequate staff and also arrange for their training. A sum of Rs. 13.19 crore has been released by the Ministry to the various States for organising training programmes for the staff.

(d) and (e) According to Section 1(3) of NREG Act, the Act is to be extended to whole country within a period of five years from the date of its enactment. The Act was launched in 200 identified districts on 2.2.06 in its first phase of its implementation.

Statement

Status of Implementation of NREGA in 2006-07 (upto October 2006)

Position upto October, 2006

Sl.No. State	Applications for Registration	Job cards issued	Demand for Employment		Employment provided	
		Number	House hold	Individual	House hold	Individual
1. Andhra Pradesh	4380650	4380650	1546503	2119916	1546503	2119916
2. Arunachal Pradesh	17480	16926	16926	NR	16926	NR
3. Assam	601273	523209	204640		205086	
4. Bihar	2966005	2037604	525843	718141	477832	714828
5. Chhattisgarh	1772900	1726855	695642	1302463	688524	1270589
6. Gujarat	611026	614343	100698		100698	
7. Haryana	87884	88818	28056	34758	28056	34758
8. Himachal Pradesh	93016	88056	41960	44307	39320	41303
9. Jammu & Kashmir	186811	159158	NR	20261	NR	20261
10. Jharkhand	2019997	1914800	581689	817934	578343	813672
11. Karnataka	670822	606436	235009	459364	229185	447715
12. Kerala	227057	11958	3854	NR	3750	NR
13. Madhya Pradesh	4423536	4381801	1979844	2304137	1996375	2225679
14. Maharashtra	3057951	2467037	191272	435861	191272	435861

Sl. No.	State	Applications for Registration	Job cards issued	Demand for Employment		Employment provided	
			Number	House hold	Individual	House hold	Individual
15.	Manipur	17880	17880	17880	43700	17800	43700
16.	Meghalaya	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
17.	Mizoram	50930	22918	20801	12100	20801	12100
18.	Nagaland	27884	27884	NR	8950	NR	8950
19.	Orissa	2762060	2261284	320938	539387	261121	428662
20.	Punjab	40310	37326	37326	40310	30715	NR
21.	Rajasthan	1495048	1493628	927890	1246742	927890	1246742
22.	Sikkim	4696	4323	3611	4336	3611	4336
23.	Tamil Nadu	1340307	1309462	299860	397505	299860	397505
24.	Tripura	70259	64587	73971	115696	72348	113159
25.	Uttaranchal	283132	191657	40153	40345	40008	40198
26.	Uttar Pradesh	3471356	3414000	1718544	1984778	1611342	1897582
27.	West Bengal	4882986	4116470	1498036	2399698	1351840	2334565
	TOTAL:	35563256	31979070	11110946	15090689	10739206	14652081

Census of households to identify BPL families

89. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in accordance with the advice given in 2000 by Government, all State Governments carried out eleborate census of all the households in the rural sectors in their respective States with a view to identify poor families living Below Poverty Line (BPL), in particular;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is also a fact that by virtue of the said census of BPL families, caste and community-wise details of population in the rural India are available with the Government; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) to (d) In the beginning of every Five Year Plan, the Ministry of Rural Development conducts a Below Poverty Line (BPL) Census through the State Governments and UT Administrations to identify the